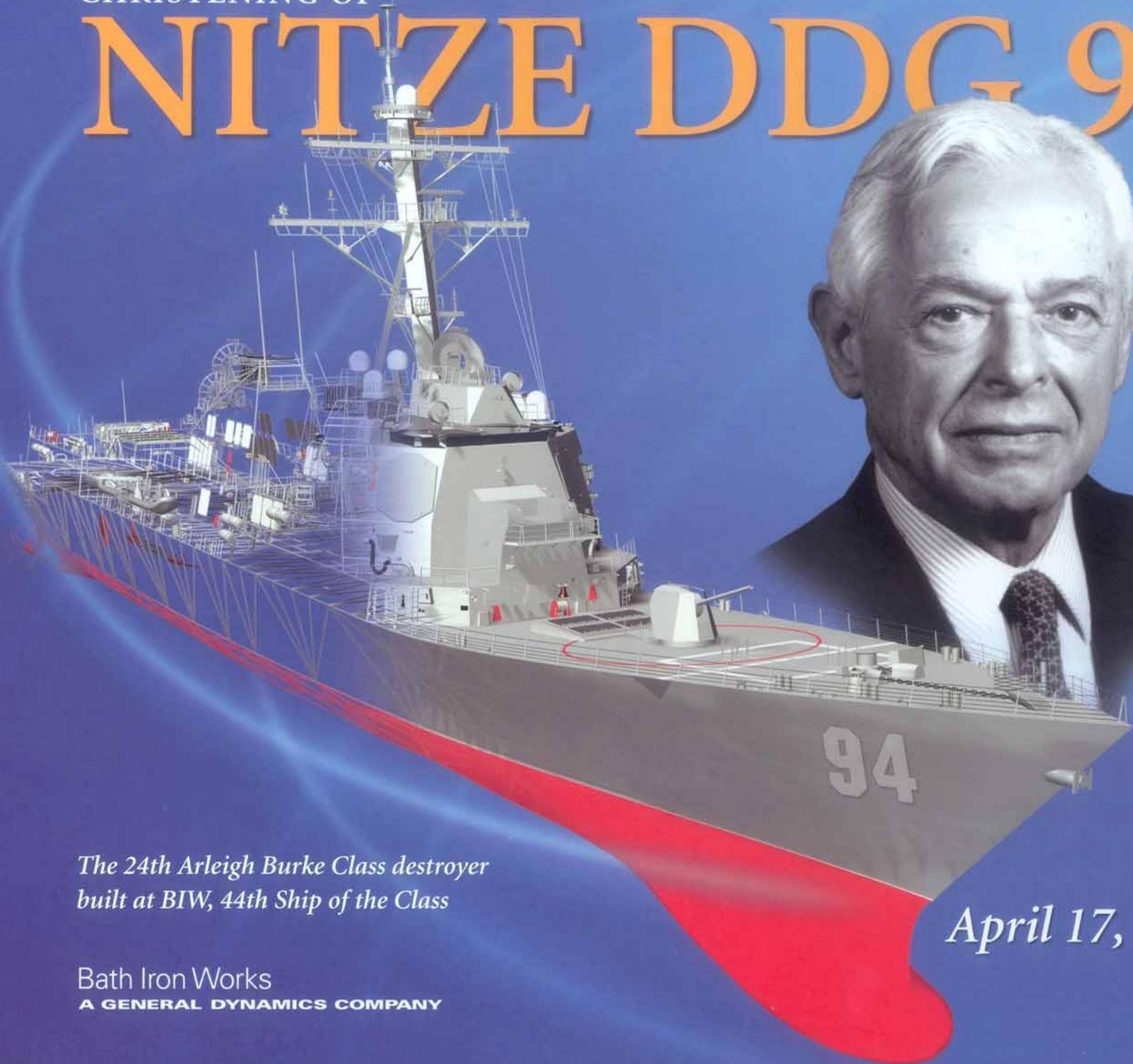


CHRISTENING OF

# NITZE DDG 94



*The 24th Arleigh Burke Class destroyer  
built at BIW, 44th Ship of the Class*

Bath Iron Works  
A GENERAL DYNAMICS COMPANY

*April 17, 2004*

## PAUL H. NITZE



The 44th Arleigh Burke Class destroyer is being named after Paul H. Nitze for his lifetime of government service as an adviser to five presidents and leading strategist and arms control expert. It is the Navy's tradition to posthumously name its ships after individuals of great accomplishment. U.S. law gives the Secretary of the Navy discretion to break with tradition naming a ship after a great

American who is still living. This is the 2nd time in the class, and only the 8th time ever that the namesake has had the opportunity to see the ship bearing his name commissioned into service.

Paul H. Nitze was born in Amherst, Massachusetts, on January 16, 1907, but grew up in Chicago. His father was a faculty member at the University of Chicago and often traveled with his family to conduct research. The Nitze family is of German ancestry and they spent much of their time abroad in Germany. It was on one of these trips to Europe that Paul got his first introduction to war, arriving in Munich on the morning Germany declared war on Russia and WW I began.

Nitze graduated *cum laude* from Harvard University in 1928. After working in investment banking, where he was known as a Wall Street prodigy, he left in 1941 to enter government service. In 1942, he was Chief of the Metals and Minerals Branch of the

Board of Economic Warfare, until named Director, Foreign Procurement and Development Branch of the Foreign Economic Administration in 1943.

During the period 1944–1946, Nitze served as Director and then as Vice Chairman of the U.S. Strategic Bombing Survey, for which President Truman awarded him the Medal of Merit. For the next several years he served with the Department of State, beginning as Deputy Director of the Office of International Trade Policy. In 1949, he was named Deputy to the Assistant Secretary of State for Economic Affairs. The following year he became Director of the State Department's policy planning staff and became the principal author of a highly influential secret National Security Council document (NSC-68), which provided the strategic outline for increased U.S. expenditures to counter the threat of Soviet armament.

In 1943, along with Christian Herter, Nitze founded the School of Advanced International Studies, SAIS. Both men felt the need



Receiving achievement award from President Johnson.

for a school of international studies in the nation's capital to train men and women in international affairs during the post-war era. From 1953 to 1961, Nitze served as President of the Foreign Service Educational Foundation while concurrently serving as Associate of the Washington Center of Foreign Policy Research at SAIS. In 1989 the school, which had become a division of John Hopkins University in 1950, was renamed in his honor to recognize his distinguished career and exceptional service to SAIS and the university for five decades.

In 1961, President Kennedy appointed Nitze Assistant Secretary of Defense for International Security Affairs and in 1963 he became the 57th Secretary of the Navy, serving until 1967. During his time as the Navy Secretary, he raised the level of attention given to quality of service issues. His many achievements included establishing the first Personnel Policy Board and Retention Task Force (the Alford Board), and obtaining targeted personnel bonuses. He lengthened commanding officer tours and raised command responsibility pay. Nitze became a strong advocate for officers' advanced education opportunities and worked to enhance greater integration of senior Navy staff by moving the Chief of Naval Operations' office next to his own. He also worked to ease unnecessary burdens on sailors by relaxing in-port duty section requirements and hiring civilian custodial workers.



*“Paul Nitze, in his many central roles in and out of government, brought strategic intellect and extraordinary courage to bear that helped shape our national security in an era when it was uniquely challenged. As Secretary of the Navy, he also demonstrated a respect and care for sailors and Marines that directly improved their quality of service. USS NITZE will reflect Paul Nitze’s toughness and care in all that the vessel undertakes for America in the years ahead.”*

– Richard Danzig, Secretary of the Navy

Following his term as Secretary of the Navy, Nitze served as Deputy Secretary of Defense (1967–1969), as a member of the U.S. delegation to the Strategic Arms Limitation Talks (SALT) (1969–1973), and Assistant Secretary of Defense for International Affairs (1973–1976). Later, fearing Soviet rearmament, he opposed the ratification of SALT II (1979). He was President Reagan's chief negotiator of the Intermediate Range Nuclear Forces Treaty (1981–1984). In 1984, Nitze was named Special Advisor to the President and Secretary of State on Arms Control and was given the rank of Ambassador at Large. For more than forty years, Nitze was one of the chief architects of U.S. policy toward the Soviet Union. President Reagan awarded Nitze the Presidential Medal of Freedom in 1985 for his contributions to the freedom and security of the United States.



Receiving the Presidential Medal of Freedom from President Reagan.

## NITZE DDG 94

### *The Arleigh Burke Class* FLIGHT IIA CHARACTERISTICS

DISPLACEMENT: 9200 Tons-Full Load

DIMENSIONS: 509 1/2' Length, 66 1/2' Beam

ARMAMENT: 1-5"/62 caliber gun, Evolved Sea Sparrow Missile,  
96-Vertical Launch System Cells,  
8-Harpoon Missiles, 6-MK 50/46 Torpedoes

AIRCRAFT: 2-SH-60B Helicopters

MACHINERY: 4-GE LM-2500 Gas Turbines,  
100,000 SHP, 2 screws

SPEED: 30+ knots

RANGE: 4400 NM @ 20kts

PERSONNEL: 32 officers, 348 enlisted

DDG 79  
First Flight IIA ship  
is delivered

May 11, 2000

Start fabrication on NITZE

February 4, 2001

NITZE is undocked

April 3, 2004

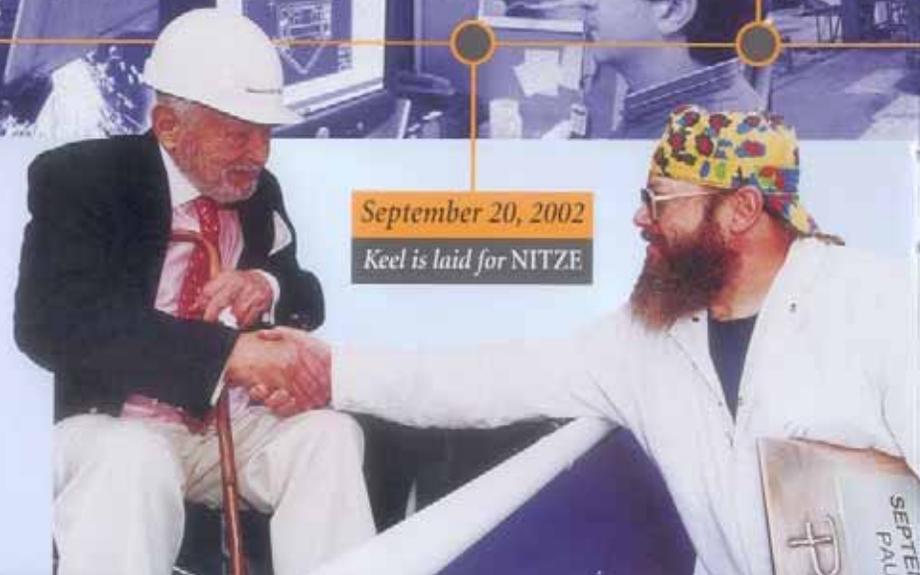
2000

January 10, 2001

Paul Nitze named  
as namesake for  
the 44th Arleigh  
Burke Class Destroyer

September 20, 2002

Keel is laid for NITZE



## CONSTRUCTION OF DDG 94

### What it Takes

- 6,200 tons of steel
- 254 miles of cable
- 48 miles of pipe
- 69,000 gallons of paint
- 8,000 valves
- Over 3,000 drawings

• *Over 5,000 workers' dedication, skill and ingenuity*



NITZE will undergo  
*Builder's Trials*  
September 27-30, 2004



NITZE will join the  
fleet, sail away to  
homeport of Norfolk  
January 21, 2005



April 17, 2004  
NITZE is christened



October 29, 2004  
NITZE will be delivered  
to the Navy



2005

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**SPONSOR****ELISABETH SCOTT PORTER**

**L**eezee Porter was born and raised in Richmond, Virginia as one of five children in the large Scott family. She attended St. Catherine's School in Richmond, Westover School in Middlebury, Connecticut, and Sweet Briar College in Amherst, Virginia. She has lived in Washington, D.C., since the mid-60s and is the President of

Antique and Contemporary Leasing, Inc., a 30-year-old fine furniture leasing company. She was a Founder and Director of The Adams National Bank, the first nationally chartered women's bank, was Director of The Women's Campaign Fund, a bi-partisan political action committee, and a Founder and Director of The Capital Hill Community Foundation. She has also been very active in church and community affairs. She has one daughter, Erin Porter, and three grandchildren, as well as four step-children, eleven step-grandchildren and seven step-great-grandchildren with Paul Nitze.

"It takes a lot to surprise Paul Nitze but Secretary Danzig did just that when he told him that this magnificent Arleigh Burke Class destroyer was to be named for him. We have been to see her since the beginning. We believe that the men and women who are building this ship are the best builders in the world and it is easy to see that the spirit they have put into the NITZE will keep her forever effective, strong and able in the hands of her Navy crew. Paul asks me to thank every man and woman who has given so much to this ship which carries his name. Congratulations to each of you!"

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**MATRONS****ERIN LEE PORTER**

**E**rin Porter is the daughter of the Sponsor of the NITZE, Elisabeth Scott Porter, and the step-daughter of Paul H. Nitze. Erin was born and raised in Washington, D.C. and graduated from the Maret School. She graduated from the University of Virginia with a Masters in Education

and had further training in the Montessori Method of Teaching in Victoria, British Columbia. She has taught in Colorado and in British Columbia at the Salt Spring Centre School and now is co-owner of a children's bookstore, Fables Cottage, on Salt Spring Island, B.C. She and her husband, Jesse Fisher, have three great and active children: Ella (6), Tajo (3), and Lukas (1).

**PHYLLIS THOMPSON REID**

**P**hyllis Thompson Reid is the sixth of Paul H. Nitze's eleven grandchildren; her mother is his youngest daughter, Nina Moriarty. Like her grandfather, she is a graduate of The Hotchkiss School. Although a stalwart Harvardian, Nitze eventually forgave her for attending Yale University,

from which she graduated *magna cum laude* in 1996. For six years she was an editor at Aperture Foundation in New York City, before moving last year to Brookline, MA, with her husband, Alexander L. T. Reid, who is a tax lawyer at the Boston firm of Ropes & Gray. She is currently a freelance book editor and will enter Brown University's American Civilization program in the fall of 2004.

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PRINCIPAL SPEAKER

## SUSAN M. COLLINS

*United States Senator, Maine*



Susan M. Collins was elected to represent the State of Maine in the United States Senate in 1996 and was re-elected to a second term in 2002. She is the 15th woman in history to be elected to the Senate in her own right.

Born December 7, 1952, Senator Collins was raised in Caribou, a small city in northern Maine, where both of her parents have at one time served as mayor. Her family runs a fifth-generation lumber business, founded by her ancestors in 1844 and operated today by two of her brothers.

A 1975 *magna cum laude* graduate of St. Lawrence University in Canton, New York, where she was elected to Phi Beta Kappa, Senator Collins worked for former Maine Senator William S. Cohen for 12 years. In 1987, she joined the cabinet of Maine Governor John R. McKernan as Commissioner of Professional and Financial Regulation, a position she held for five years. She then served as New England Administrator of the U.S. Small Business Administration from 1992 to 1993.

In 1993, Senator Collins ran her first campaign for public office and became the first woman in Maine history to receive a major party nomination for governor after winning an eight-way Republican primary in June of 1994. She lost the general election in the fall.

In December of 1994, Senator Collins became the founding Executive Director of the Center for Family Business at Husson College in Bangor, Maine, a position she held until she resigned in 1996 to run for the Senate seat being vacated by Senator Cohen. She won both a contested Republican primary and a four-way general election later that year.

Senator Collins serves as Chairman of the Governmental Affairs Committee (GAC), one of only twelve major committees in the United States Senate. Senator Collins also serves on the Armed Services Committee, the Special Committee on Aging, and the Joint Economic Committee. Previously, she served for six years on the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pensions. Senator Collins was also the first freshman Senator ever to lead the GAC's Permanent Subcommittee on Investigations.

Senator Collins has been a tireless advocate for education. As one of the architects of landmark education reform legislation, she led the successful charge to triple funding for early reading initiatives. She also authored the law providing a \$250 tax deduction for teachers who spend their own money on classroom supplies. Her goal of expanding access to higher education led her to co-author the 1998 Higher Education Act and to support increases in Pell grants and other student financial aid.

Senator Collins' priorities include maintaining a strong national defense and strengthening our homeland security. She also continues her long-standing efforts to help small businesses create jobs; to improve health care, particularly for citizens living in rural areas; and to combat consumer fraud. She led the fight to restore millions of dollars to the Medicare program for home health care. Senator Collins also founded the Senate Diabetes Caucus, and led the effort to more than double federal funding for diabetes research.



VISION  
COURAGE  
DETERMINATION

Gold and dark blue represent the Navy. The demi-trident on the shield symbolizes Paul Nitze's post as Secretary of the Navy, his support of Navy and Marine personnel and his action towards improving their quality of service. The three billets represent his duties on the Board of Economic Warfare, the Foreign Economic Administration and Office of International Trade Policy. The white star represents the Presidential Medal of Freedom awarded to Nitze; the scarlet star refers to his participation in U.S. policy planning regarding relations with the Soviet Union. The chain symbolizes his concern about Soviet rearmament, his opposition to arms limitation by the U.S and his efforts to contain a Soviet threat. Together, the scarlet, white and blue colors represent the United States. The crest contains an anchor which represents the Navy and an eagle with a shield, laurel and arrows alluding to Nitze's career in the US government and his influence on international and national affairs. The eagle also denotes vigilance and American strength and refers also to the ship's new helicopter detachment capability.

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## PROGRAM

<i>National Anthem</i>	Navy Band Northeast Senior Chief Musician Allan Wilson Director
<i>Welcome</i>	Dugan Shipway President, Bath Iron Works
<i>Remarks</i>	The Honorable Thomas H. Allen United States Representative, Maine  The Honorable Michael H. Michaud United States Representative, Maine  Rear Admiral Charles S. Hamilton, II, USN Program Executive Officer, Ships  The Honorable Gordon R. England Secretary of the Navy
<i>Principal Speaker</i>	The Honorable Susan M. Collins United States Senator, Maine
<i>Invocation</i>	LT Bernard J. Welch, CHC, USNR Christening Chaplain
<i>Christening</i>	Elisabeth Scott Porter Sponsor